

M 5.9, LAC KIVU REGION, DEM. REP. OF THE CONGO

Origin Time: Sun 2008-02-03 07:34:12 UTC

Location: 2.32°S 28.94°E Depth: 10 km

PAGER
Version 5

Created: 4 days, 23 hrs after earthquake

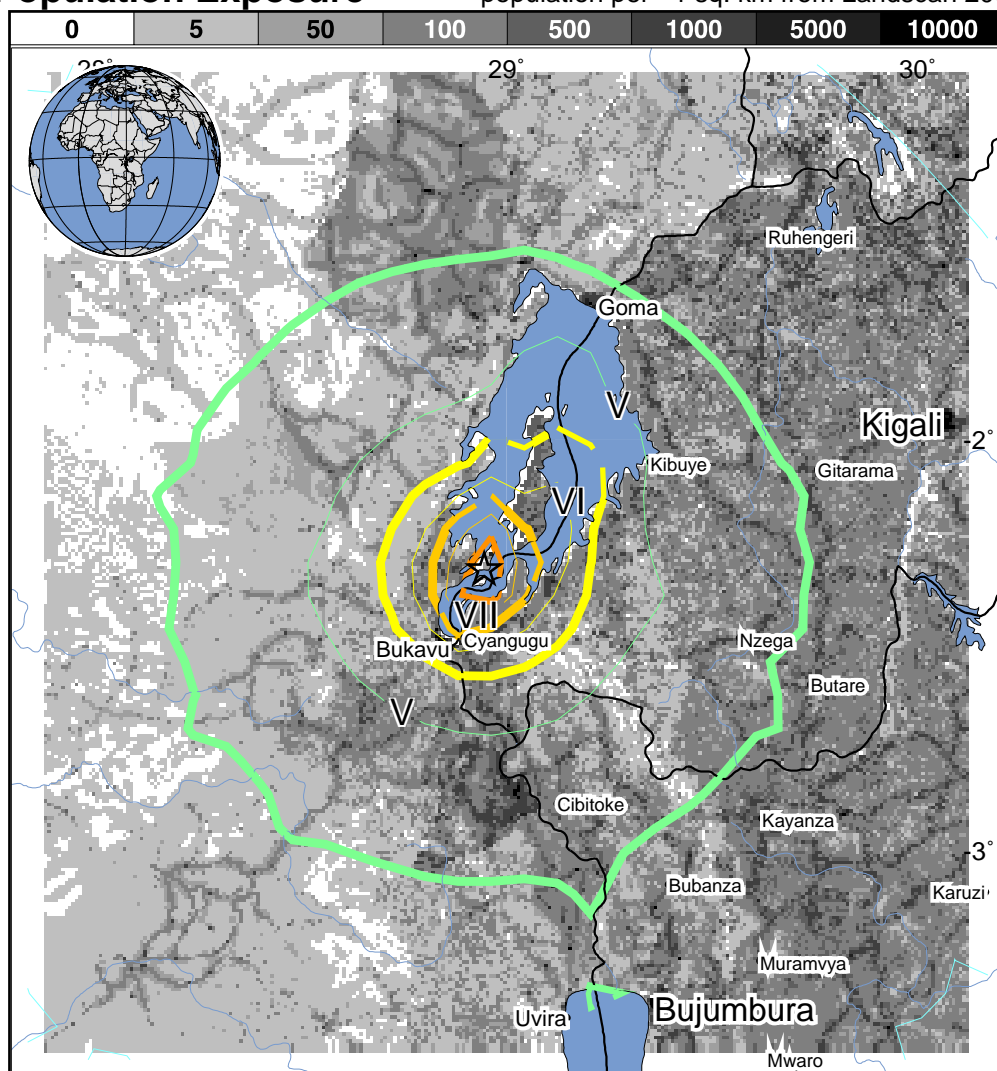
Estimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking

ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSURE (k = x1000)		--*	--*	10,416k*	4,850k	887k	132k	33k	0	0
ESTIMATED MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY		I	II-III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PERCEIVED SHAKING		Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	Resistant Structures	none	none	none	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy
	Vulnerable Structures	none	none	none	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy

*Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area.

Population Exposure

population per ~1 sq. km from Landsat 2005

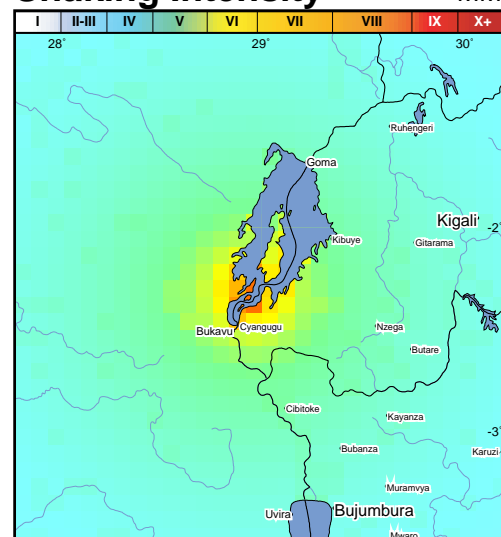


Selected City Exposure

MMI City	Population
VII Cyangugu	63k
VI Kabare	37k
VI Bukavu	225k
V Kibuye	48k
V Cibitoke	14k
V Goma	144k
IV Gitarama	87k
IV Butare	89k
IV Uvira	170k
IV Kigali	745k
IV Bujumbura	331k

bold cities appear on map (k = x1000)

Shaking Intensity



Users should consider the preliminary nature of this information and check for updates as additional data becomes available. Population exposure estimates are NOT a direct estimate of earthquake damage; comparable shaking will result in significantly lower losses in regions with well built structures than in regions with vulnerable structures. Overall, structures in this region are vulnerable to earthquake shaking, though some resistant structures exist. A magnitude 5.1 earthquake struck the Congo region in January, 2002, with estimated population exposures of 350,000 at intensity V and 680,000 at intensity IV, resulting in 45 deaths.

This information was automatically generated and has not been reviewed by a seismologist.

<http://earthquake.usgs.gov/pager>

Event ID: us2008mzam